

BASIC HYGIENE

The human body can provide places for disease-causing germs and parasites to grow and multiply. These places include the skin and in and around the openings to the body. It is less likely that germs and parasites will get inside the body if people have good personal hygiene habits.

Source: Health.gov.au; CDC.gov; Livestrong.org;



HAND WASHING

Keeping hands clean through improved hand hygiene is one of the most important steps we can take to avoid getting sick and spreading germs to others.

Sing 'Happy Birthday'

2x while washing.



HOW TO WASH HANDS



FOCUS ON THUMBS





Hand Washing Fast Facts

- It is estimated that washing hands with soap and water could reduce diarrheal disease-associated death
- A large percentage of foodborne disease outbreaks are spread by
- risk of respiratory infections by

BODY HYGIENE

Many diseases and conditions can be prevented or controlled through appropriate personal hygiene and by frequently washing parts of the face and body with soap and clean, running water (if available).

Use flouride toothpaste and regularly floss teeth.

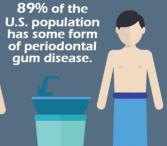


TIP:

Appropriate facial hygiene practices include not only washing the face but also properly caring for teeth, mouth, eyes, contact lenses, and

DID YOU KNOW?

On Dental Hygiene



Trachoma, the leading cause of preventable blindness worldwide, is related to the lack of facial hygiene.

On Facial Cleanliness



Within the first 15 minutes of bathing, the average person sheds 6 x 106 colony forming units (CFU) of Staphylococcus aureus.



BASIC HYGIENE TIPS

Personal cleanliness and good hygiene practices are essential for health and social reasons. In fact, people who are perceived as smelly or unclean are often ostracized by others. To put your best foot forward, it's best to practice healthy hygiene habits daily.

2 Practice a Daily Bathing or Showering Regimen

- Regular bathing reduces body odor and can help control skin problems like acne
 Bathe daily to reduce the bacteria that contribute to body odor, particularly in the armpits and on the feet
 Wash your hair as frequently as needed based on your hair type
 Dry yourself thoroughly after bathing to prevent bacteria growth





- At its most basic level, grooming includes keeping your body, teeth, clothes, hair and nails clean and preventing body odor by using antiperspirant and deodorant.

 More advanced grooming practices may also include hair styling, makeup, moisturizers, manicures, pedicures, nail polish, personal fragrance, hair removal and more.

Wash Those Hands

- Before eating
 After using the toilet
 Before and after caring for someone who is sick
 After blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing
 Afer touching an animal
 After touching garbage

Brush Up on Dental Care



- per day and floss once per day

 Use flouride toothpaste
- See you dentist regularly to assess problem areas in your mouth and recommend special methods and products you may need

Clean Your Clothes and Home

The information provided above is strictly for educational purposes. It is not intended to be medical advice, either expressed or implied.